## End Term Examination

## Second Simmester [BBA] JULY 2023

Q1 (a) In a group of 1000 wage earners the monthly wages of $4 \%$ are below Rs. 60 and those of $15 \%$ are under Rs. $62.50,15 \%$ earned Rs. 95 and over, and $5 \%$ get Rs. 100 and over. Find the median wage.
(b) The means of two samples of series of 50 and 100 respectively are 54.4 and 50.3 and standard deviations are 8 and 7 . Obtain the mean and standard deviations of the sample size 150 obtained by combining the two samples.

Q2 (a) Determine the median wage graphically from the following data:

| Wages | No. of workers | Wages | No. of workers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $700-800$ | 4 | $1100-1200$ | 12 |
| $800-900$ | 6 | $1200-1300$ | 7 |
| $900-1000$ | 10 | $1300-1400$ | 3 |
| $1000-1100$ | 16 |  |  |

(b) For the following data of the frequency of visit of customers in a shop in the month of April, year 2017, starting from $1^{\text {st }}$ to $30^{\text {th }}$ (Row wise), (8)

| 3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| 7 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 3 |
| 8 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 6 |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 5 |

(i) Draw a frequency table and find the dates on which customer are more frequent.
(ii) Find the average number of visit in this month
(iii) Which of the week showing more favorable visit for the customers?

Q3 (a) Prove that the Standard deviation is independent of any change origin but is dependent on the change of scale.
(b) Find the standard deviation and coefficient of variation from the following data:

| Wages | No. of workers | Wages | No. of workers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to Rs. 110 | 12 | Up to Rs. 150 | 157 |
| Up to Rs. 120 | 30 | Up to Rs. 160 | 202 |
| Up to Rs. 130 | 65 | Up to Rs. 170 | 222 |
| Up to Rs. 140 | 107 | Up to Rs. 180 | 230 |

equations are:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 X-5 Y-33=0 \\
& 20 X-9 Y-107=0
\end{aligned}
$$

## Find

## (a) A.M. of data $X$

(b) A.M of data
c) Standard deviation of data $Y$
(d) Correlation coefficien:
(b) From the following table, find correlation coefficient between age and playing habit of students:

| Age (years): | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of stadents: | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100 | 80 |
| Regular players: | 200 | 150 | 90 | 48 | 30 | 12 |

(a) Define Regression. Why are there two regression lines? Under what conditions can there be only one regression line?
(b) A consulting firm is preparing a study on consumer behavior. The company collected the following data in thousand rupees to determine hether there is a relationship between consumer income and consumption levels:

| Consumer No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Income(Rs.) | 300 | 350 | 320 | 400 | 295 | 315 |
| Consumption(Rs.) | 250 | 275 | 270 | 300 | 269 | 290 |

Calculate correlation coefficient for the above data. Write your comments about the correlation coefficient' value

Q6 (a) Solve the following LPP by graphical method:
Minimize $Z=4 x+y$
Subject to the constraints: $3 x+y=3, \quad 4 x+3 y \geq 6, \quad x+2 y \leq 4$ and $x, y \geq 0$
(b) Write the dual to the following LPP :

Maximize $Z=20 x_{1}+15 x_{2}+18 x_{3}+10 x_{4}$
Subject to the constraints: -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 x_{1}-3 x_{2}+10 x_{3}+4 x_{4} \leq 60 \\
& x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}=27 \\
& -x_{2}+4 x_{3}+7 x_{4} \geq 35
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2}, \mathrm{x}_{3} \geq 0$ and $x_{4}$ : unrestricted in sign
27 Maximize $Z=80 x_{1}+60 x_{2}+30 x_{3}$
Subject to constraints: $10 x_{1}+4 x_{2}+5 x_{3} \leq 2000$

$$
2 x_{1}+5 x_{2}+4 x_{3} \leq 1009
$$

$x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}, \geq 0$

Q8 Given below is a transportation table taixen from the solution process for a transportation probiem


Answer the following questions, giving brief answers
(i) Is this solution feasible?
(i) Is this solution degenerate?
(iii) Is this solution optimal? If not, find the optimal solution
(iv) Does the problem have alternative optimal solution?

Q9 A company has 4 machines to be assigned to 4 of the 5 workers available for the purpose. The expected production from each machine operated by each worker is given below:
Expected Daily Production (in units) Workers

| Expected Daily Production (in units) |  |  |  |  |  |  | Workers |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | C | D | E |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machine | A | B | C | 36 | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |
| I | 40 | 46 | 48 | 36 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |
| II | 48 | 32 | 36 | 38 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| III | 49 | 36 | 41 | 38 | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |
| IV | 30 | 46 | 49 | 44 | 47 |  |  |  |  |  |

Suggest optimum assignment of workers to machines.

